LOGGING REQUIREMENTS

(This outline is provided as a companion to the **Logging Requirements** PowerPoint slide presentation.)

TYPES OF LOGS

ELECTRIC LOG

(SLIDE NOS. 2-5)

Electric Log (E-log) – open hole logs used to help identify the base of the Underground Source of Drinking Water (USDW) and other formations of interest.

EXAMPLES

- Gamma Ray (GR)
- Spontaneous Potential (SP)
- Resistivity
- Density
- Neutron Porosity
- Caliper

REQUIREMENT

- Must run if unable to locate an electric log of a nearby well (within ¼-mile) that was run through the lowermost USDW
- If electric log is available and meets the above requirement, only need to run open-hole log just prior to setting long string casing

CEMENT BONG LOG

(SLIDE NOS. 6-14)

Cement Bond Log (CBL) – measures the loss of acoustic energy as it passes through casing. Used for detecting cement outside of casing.

REQUIREMENT

- Must run on all new-drills, conversions and zone changes
- Injection and Mining Division cannot accept the portion of a CBL that has been run "pipe-inside-pipe"

LOOKING FOR

- Minimum interval of continuous 60% bonded cement in a continuous confining shale
- Rule-of-Thumb: < 10 mV on amplitude curve for x-amount of feet

RADIOACTIVE TRACER SURVEY

(SLIDE NO. 16)

Radioactive Tracer Survey (RTS) – can detect RA "tagged" fluid movement through channels behind casing while on injection. Also used for locating other RA "tagged" material such as proppant, frac fluid, gravel pack, cement squeeze, etc.

TEMPERATURE LOG

(SLIDE NO. 17)

Temperature Log – sometimes used to locate top of cement in larger heavier casings. Can also locate channels behind casing and to determine the height of stimulation due to acidizing or fracturing.

OXYGEN ACTIVATION LOG

(SLIDE NO. 18)

Oxygen Activation Log – used to detect movement of water and for locating channels

DNR LOGGING GUIDELINES

(SLIDE NOS. 19-23)

The DNR Logging Guideline can be accessed by going to:

- http://dnr.louisiana.gov >>
- Conservation (Top Menu) >>
- Forms (Left Menu) >>
- Injection and Mining Division (Click on Button at the Top) >>
- Scroll down to Logging Guidelines

UIC WORK PERMITTING WORKSHOP

EXAMPLES

(SLIDE NOS. 24-54)

Three examples of CBLs (For the examples, assume all open hole logs and CBLs perfectly correlate).

EXAMPLE 1 (Refer to "Logs for Example 1" in back of handout)

(SLIDE NOS. 26-34)

USDW:

Surface Casing:

16" (84#/ft) set at 500 feet

Long String:

10 3/4" (40.5#/ft) set at 2,000 feet

Proposed Zone:

How many feet of continuous cement will be required for external cement isolation of the proposed injection zone?

Top of Zone (TOZ):

Bottom of Zone (BOZ):

At what depth above the TOZ would you call the bottom of the minimum required cement interval?

What is the shallowest allowed packer depth?

EXAMPLE 2 (Refer to "Logs for Example 2" in back of handout)

(SLIDE NOS. 36-44)

USDW:

480 feet

Surface Casing:

8 5/8" (24#/ft) set at 815 feet

Long String:

4 1/2" (11.6#/ft) set at 5,045 feet

Proposed Zone:

3,020 - 3,150 feet

How many feet of continuous cement will be required for external cement isolation of the proposed injection zone?

Top of Zone (TOZ):

Bottom of Zone (BOZ):

At what depth above the TOZ would you call the bottom of the minimum required cement interval?

What is the shallowest allowed packer depth?

UIC PERMITTING WORKSHOP

EXAMPLE 3 (Refer to "Logs for Example 3" in back of handout)

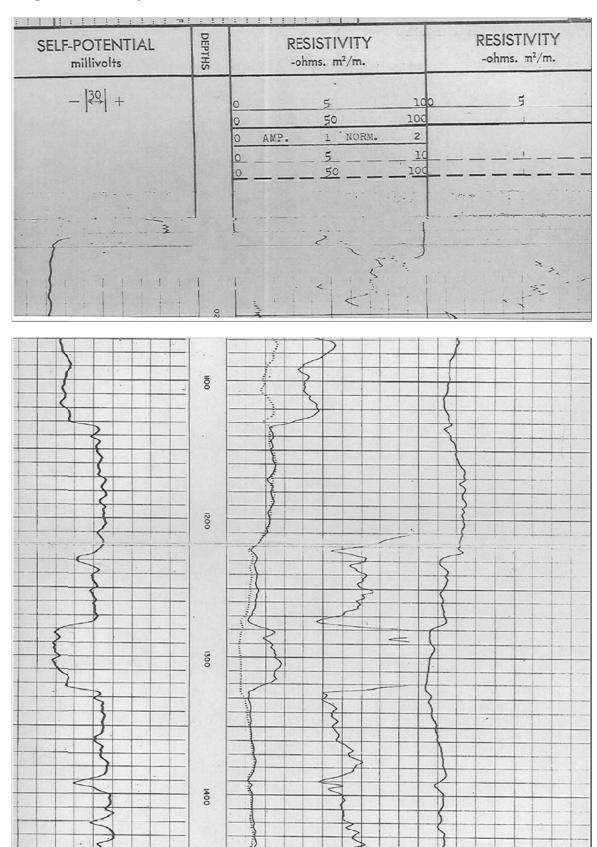
(SLIDE NOS. 46-54)

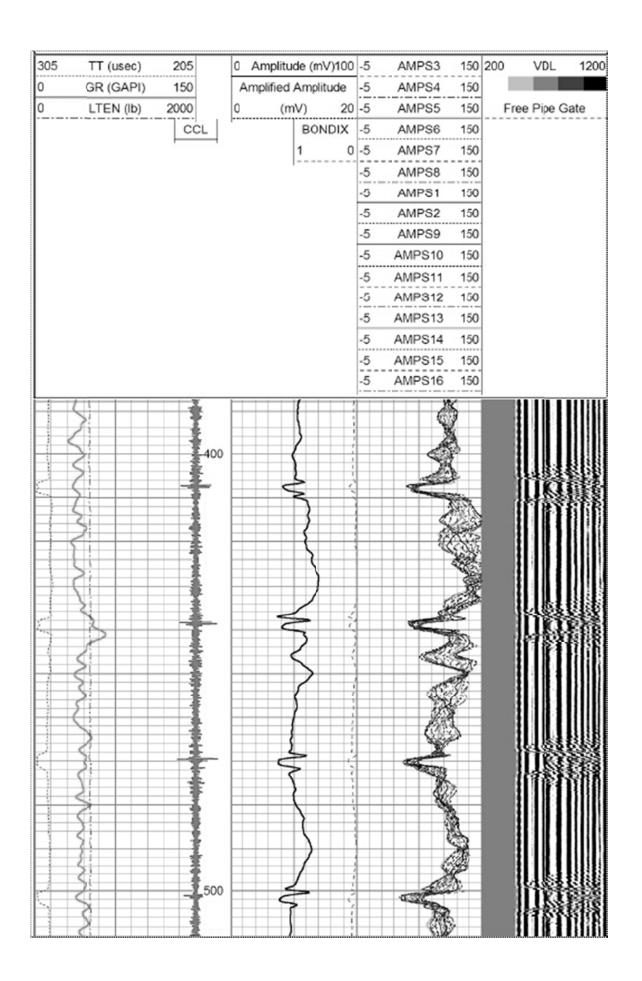
USDW:	500 feet				
Surface Casing:	9 5/8" (36#/ft) set at 975 feet 7 5/8" (26.4#/ft) set at 3,500 feet				
Long String:					
Proposed Zone:	2,780 – 2,960 feet				
•	inuous cement will be required for external proposed injection zone?				
► Top of Zone (TOZ):					
▶ Bottom of Zone (BOZ):					
At what depth above the TOZ would you call the bottom of the minimum required cement interval?					
What is the shallowest allowed packer depth?					

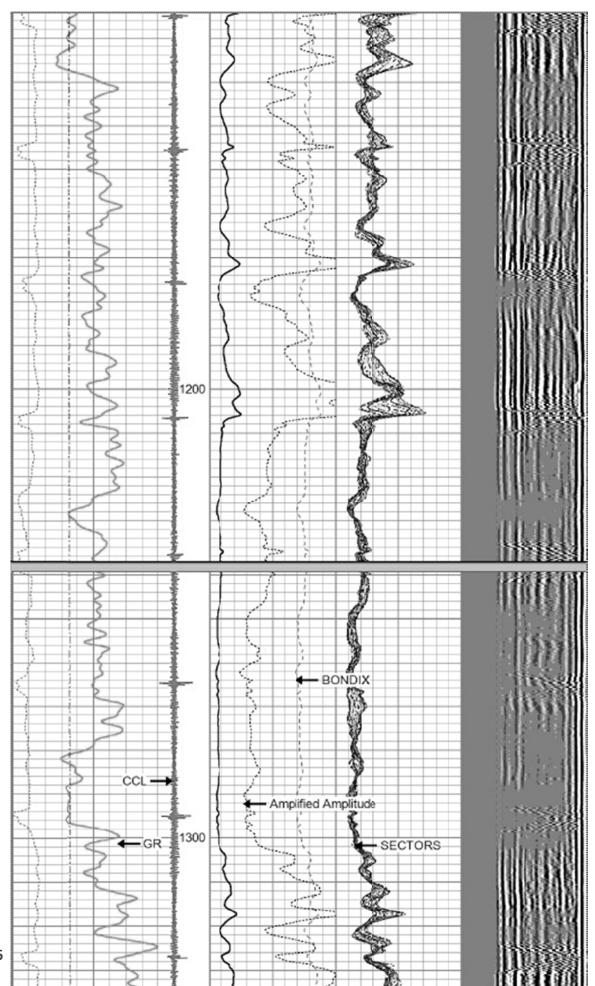
Cement Bond Log Interpretation Guide

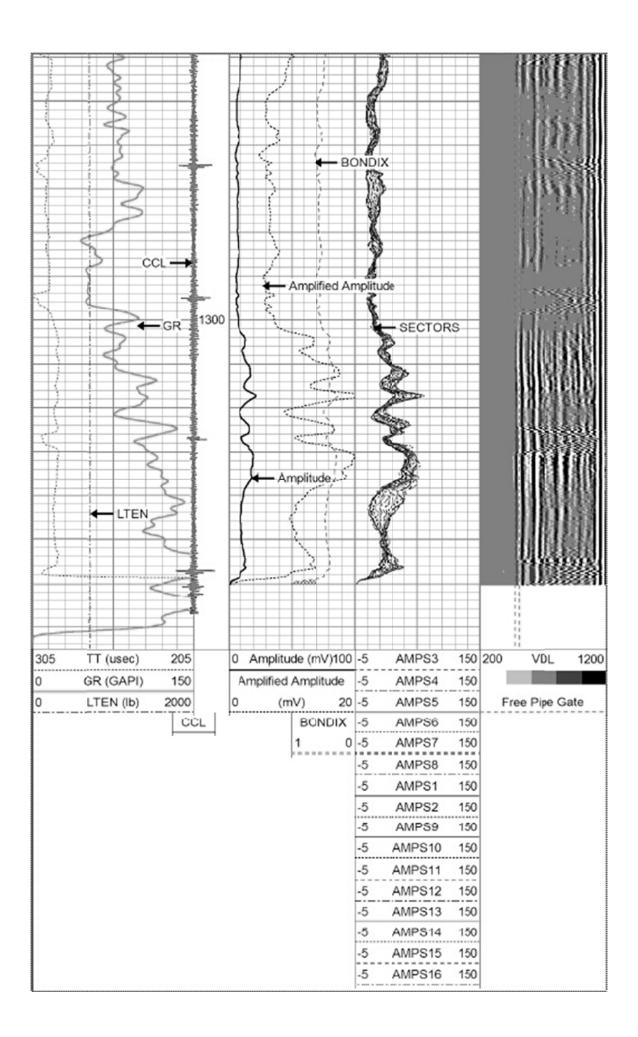
		Travel	Free	Class H	Cement	Interval
Casing		Time	Pipe	3000 psi	60% bond	for
Size	Weight	μ-sec	Signal	100% cmt	cut off	Isolation
4 1/2"	9.5			0.2 mv	2.3 mv	
	11.6	254	81 mv	0.6mv	4.6 mv	5 feet
	13.5	204	011111	1.0 mv	7.0 mv	0 1001
5"	15.0					
5	15.0	250	70	0.0	F. F	
	18.0	258	76 mv	0.9 mv	5.5 mv	F. C
	21.0			2.2 mv	10.0 mv	5 feet
				3.6 mv	15.0 mv	
5 1/2" 15.5 17.0 20.0 23.0	15.5			0.7 mv	4.8 mv	
	17.0			1.0 mv	5.0 mv	
	20.0	269	72 mv	2.1 mv	9.0 mv	6 feet
	23.0			3.5 mv	13.0 mv	
7" 23.0 26.0	23.0			1.0 mv	5.5 mv	
	26.0			1.7 mv	7.5 mv	
	29.0			2.4 mv	9.3 mv	
	32.0	289	62 mv	3.3 mv	13.0 mv	11 feet
	35.0			4.0 mv	14.0 mv	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	38.0			5.0 mv	15.0 mv	
	40.0			6.0 mv	17.0 mv	
	40.0			0.0 111	17.0 1114	
7 5/8"	26.4			1.1 mv	5.5 mv	
	29.7			1.8 mv	7.5 mv	
	33.7	302	59 mv	2.6 mv	10.0 mv	12 feet
	39.0			3.5 mv	13.0 mv	
	40.0			1.8 mv	6.8 mv	
	43.5			2.2 mv	8.5 mv	
	47.0	332	51 mv	2.7 mv	9.0 mv	15 feet
	53.5			4.0 mv	12.0 mv	
10 3/4"	40.5			1.2 mv	5.1 mv	
	45.5			1.8 mv	6.5 mv	
	48.0			2.1 mv	7.6 mv	
		352	18 mu			18 foot
	51.0	352	48 mv	2.5 mv	8.0 mv	18 feet
	54.0			2.7 mv	8.4 mv	
	55.5			2.8 mv	8.8 mv	

Logs for Example 1:

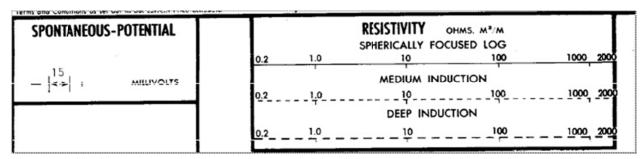


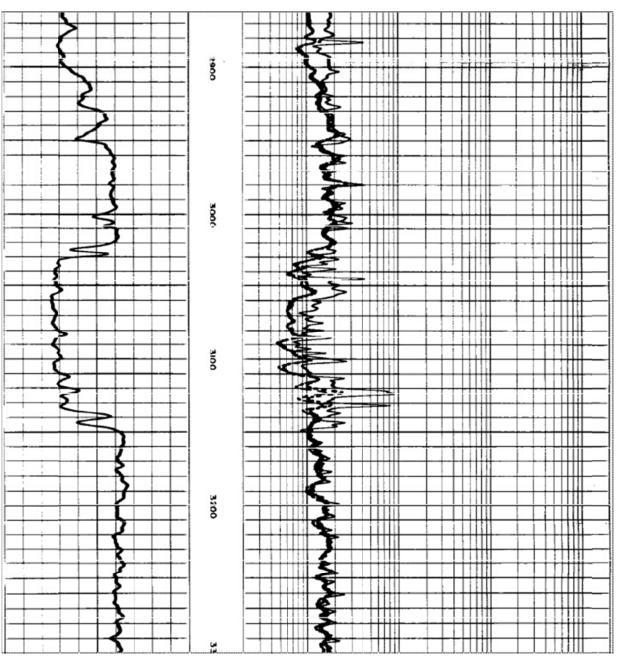


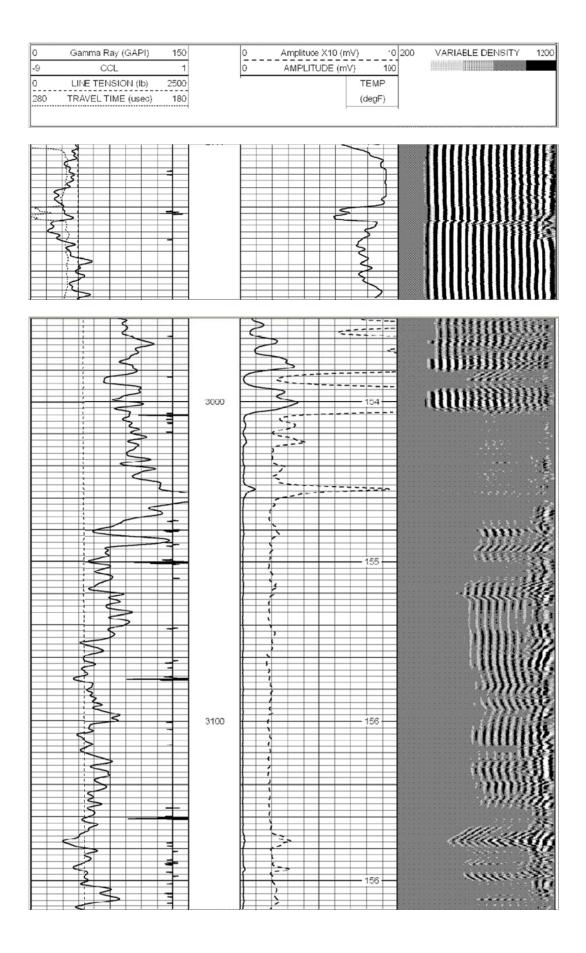




Logs for Example 2:







Logs for Example 3:

