A national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy



Innovation for Our Energy Future

Demand-Side Management Resulting in Emissions Reductions and SIP Credit

Adam Chambers National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Performance Contracting Conference

New Orleans, LA July 28, 2005



Presentation Take Home

- Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy both provide an opportunity for air pollution emission reductions – also GHGs
- In a grid-connected environment, the benefits of EERE can be quantified with enough certainty to satisfy regulatory authorities – USEPA
- Future of EERE in displacing emissions
- It is cheaper to save electricity than to make it! – energy efficiency focus





Over 180 million people live in O3 non-attainment areas



EE/RE to Meet Air Quality Standards

- Tighter 8-Hour Ozone and PM2.5 Standards
 - easily implemented "control" measures have already been implemented – 1-hour standard
 - more non-attainment areas
 - additional reductions required
- Benefits of EE/RE
 - multipollutant/multimedia environmental benefits
 - economic value
 - energy security
 - jobs
 - endorsement of using measures by EPA and DOE



How do we get from here





To Avoided Emissions Here



REL National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Efficient Growth vs. Expansion



Shreveport, La - Case Study

- 20-year Performance Contract between Johnson Controls Inc. and the City of Shreveport
 - 33 Municipal Buildings
 - Lighting upgrades and retrofits, programmable thermostats, pump motor replacements, etc.
- City of Shreveport is teetering on ozone nonattainment – Early Action Compact



Efficient Growth vs. Expansion



Monitored Air Quality Improvements



Toolbox



Dedicated Crew •USEPA •Headquarters •Region 6 •RTP •La DNR •La DEQ •US DOE •LSU CES •NREL

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Technical Details

Energy Savings

20-year Performance Contract for 33 Municipal Buildings Base year of Analysis – 2000 Energy Savings of 9,121,335 kWh/Yr – Guaranteed Annual true-up to ensure energy savings

Three tracks to estimate emissions benefits

Power Control Area Dispatch Method (EPA) Economic Dispatch Method (LSU CES) Plant Average Method (NREL)

Per EPA Guidance, in order for emissions to be incorporated into the SIP they must be:

- Surplus
- Enforceable
- Permanent
- Quantifiable



Table 2: Comparison of NO _x Emissions Factors for			
Assessing EE Projects in the Shreveport Area			
Region	Annual NO _x Emissions (Tons/yr)	<u>Average</u> <u>NO_x</u> (Output Rate lbs/MWh)	O3 Season NO _x (Output Rate Ibs/MWh)
PLANT AVERAGE METHOD			
VARIANTS National			
National	5644353,87	2.96	
O3 Season	2431268.00		2.92
NERC Region - SPP	354187.80	3.79	
O3 Season	164189.51		3.73
NERC Sub-Region – SPP South	219962.16	3.42	
O3 Season	103484.54		3.38
State – La.	118263,58	2.54	
O3 Season	55812.95		2.59
State and Power Provider – Louisiana			
& AEP	11501.24	4.57	
O3 Season	5107.37		4.63
Electric Generating Company – SWEPCO	40310.00	3.45	
O3 Season	18674.85		3.39
Power Control Area	73796,33	3.70	
O3 Season	35478,18		3.67
Local Plants Supplying Shreveport – AEP Information		3.72	
O3 Season			3.79
Local Plants in Shreveport and Caddo			
Parish	632.77	1.95	
O3 Season	488.07		1.95
POWER CONTROL AREA	100101		
DISPATCH METHOD		3.47	
O3 Season			3.37
ECONOMIC DISPATCH METHOD	35,169	2.95	
O3 Season	17,967		2.85
AVERAGES		3.32	3.30

Table 2: Comparison of NO₂ Emissions Eactors for



Environmental Benefits

NOx Emission Reductions ~ 3.3 lbs/MWh or approx. 15 Tons NOx/year SO2 ~ 20.6 Tons/year Hg ~ 1.4x 10E-4 Tons/year Particulate Matter – plant specific

Greenhouse Gases CO2 ~ 8,189 Tons/year

Water - 25 gallons of water withdrawal to produce 1 kWh coal fired generation



Policy Relevance

SIP Process

Local Emissions Documentation

State Acceptance of Emissions Reduction and Documentation State Submission to EPA Regional Office EPA Regional Office Acceptance and Public Comment Period Review of Public Comments – Resolve Public Concerns Formal SIP Adoption

- To be incorporated into the SIP emissions must be:
 - Surplus
 - Enforceable
 - Permanent
 - Quantifiable



Innevation for Cur Energy Future

Comparison of Methods for Estimating the NO_x Emission Impacts of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Projects: Shreveport, Louisiana Case Study

(Base Year of Data for Analysis - 2000)

A. Chambers, D.M. Kine, and L. Vimmerstedt National Revenuable Energy Laboratory

A. Diem U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

D. Dismukes and D. Mesyanzhinov Louisiana State University Technical Report NREL/TP-710-37721 Revised July 2005

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Efficient Growth vs. Centralized Expansion



Baton Rouge CHP Project



Bottom line ~ 84 tons NOx/year Other details remain to be sorted out. Local generation avoids T&D losses ~ 8% line loss





Boundaries and locations are for illustrative purposes only. This is not a regulatory document.

Can capacity expansion be avoided?



Summary of Opportunities Building-Integrated Photovoltaics



House in Hopewell, New Jersey (04474)



Fort Dix, New Jersey (05180)







Energy Efficiency





Renewable Energy





Other EE/RE drivers

- System Benefit Charge Programs
- Renewable Portfolio Standards
- Energy Codes
- Appliance Standards
- Gov. purchase
 - Green Power
 - LEED Buildings
 - EE equipment standards
- Utility run Demand Side Management Programs
- More ...



Emission Rates: Fossil vs. Wind (lb/MWh) (Year 2000)

Wind

REL National Renewable Energy Laboratory



Data Source: E-GRID2002 v2.0 Prepared by Art Diem USEPA

Sticking Points

- Air Pollution cap and trade programs
- Nuclear power plant presence
- Merchant power plants
- Arduous SIP Approval Process
- Skeptics
- Comfort with uncertainty
- Not a silver bullet to solve air pollution problems



Support

DOE Technical Assistance Program (TAP) & Pilot Projects in ILL, NJ, GA, and TX EPA Co-Funding Gratis Technical Support – LSU CES

States and local folks make these projects happen!



United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Air and Radiation



GUIDANCE ON STATE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (SIP) CREDITS FOR EMISSION REDUCTIONS FROM ELECTRIC-SECTOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY MEASURES

August 2004

Interview for for for for for for the

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http://www.epa.gov/ttn/oarpg/t1/memoranda/ereseerem_gd.pdf http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy05osti/37721.pdf



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